المجلس العالمي للبصمة الكربونية GLOBAL CARBON COUNCIL



Project Submission Form

V3.2 - 2020

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COVER PAGE- Project Submission Form (PSF)					
Complete this form in accordance with the instructions attached at the end of this form.					
	BASI	CINFORMATION			
Title of the Project Activity	MASFEN-3 Solar Bundle				
PSF version number	01				
Date of completion of this form	24/03/2022				
Project Owner(s)	Masfen İnşaat Ener	ji San. Ve Tic. A.Ş.			
(Shall be consistent with Deregistered CDM Type B Projects)	Project Gitaş-1	Project Owner AAB ENERJİ ÜRETİM TARIMSAL ÜRÜNLER GIDA İNŞAAT SANAYİ TİCARET A.Ş.			
	Metges Burdur	METGES ENER	II ELEKTRİK ÜRETİN	1 A.Ş.	
Country where the Project Activity is located	Turkey				
GPS coordinates of					
the project site(s)	Project	Latitude	Longitude		
	Gitaş-1	N 37° 43' 53.76"	E 33° 33' 20.16"		
	Metges Burdur	N 37° 40' 52.32"	E 30° 15' 2.88"		
Eligible GCC Project Type as per the Project Standard (Tick applicable project type)	☐ Type B – De ☐ Type B1	Type A: ☐ Type A1 ☐ Type A2 Type B – De-registered CDM Projects:¹			

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¹ Owners of Type B projects shall fill in the form provided in Appendix 7.

Minimum compliance requirements	 Real and Measurable GHG Reductions National Sustainable Development Criteria (if any) Apply credible baseline and monitoring methodologies Additionality Local Stakeholder Consultation Process Global Stakeholder Consultation Process No GHG Double Counting Contributes to United Nations Sustainable Development Goal 13 				
Choose optional and additional requirements (Tick applicable label categories)	 (Climate Action) ☑ Do-no-net-harm Safeguards to address Environmental Impacts ☑ Do-no-net-harm Safeguards to address Social Impacts ☑ Contributes to United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (in addition to Goal 13) 				
Applied methodologies (Shall be approved by the GCC or the CDM)	AMS-I.D.: Grid connected renewable electricity generation Version 18.0				
GHG Sectoral scope(s) linked to the applied methodology(ies)	GHG-SS #1. Energy (renewable/non-renewable sources)				
Applicable Rules	Pulos an	d Requirements	Reference	Version	
and Requirements for Project Owners		Reference	Version		
(Tick applicable Rules and Requirements)		untry legal requirements			
		Project Standard		V3.1	
	Approved GCC Methodology (XXXXX)				
		Environment and Social Safeguards Standard		V2.0	
		Project Sustainability Standard		V2.1	
			V3.2		

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	GCC Rules and Requirements ²	Clarification No. 01		V1.1		
	CDM Rules ³	Approved CDM Methodology (XXXXX)	AMS-I.D.: Grid connected renewable electricity generation	V18.0		
		Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality	TOOL 01			
		Combined tool to identify the baseline scenario and demonstrate additionality	TOOL 02			
		Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system	TOOL 07	V07.0		
		Demonstration of additionality of microscale project activities	TOOL 19			
		Demonstration of additionality of small-scale project activities	TOOL 21			
		Additionality of first-of- its-kind project activities	TOOL 23			
		Common practice	TOOL 24			
		☐ Investment analysis	TOOL 27			
		Positive lists of technologies	TOOL 32	V03.0		
		Guidelines for objective demonstration and assessment of barriers				
		Add rows if required				
Choose Third Party External Project Verification by	Environmental N	eductions (i.e., Approved Ca o-net-harm Label (E +)	rbon Credits	(ACCs))		
	Social No-net-harm Label (S +)					

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² GCC Program rules and requirements: https://www.globalcarboncouncil.com/resource-centre.html
³ CDM Program rules: https://cdm.unfccc.int/Reference/index.html

approved CCC	
approved GCC Verifiers⁴	
(Tick applicable verification categories)	Bronze SDG Label
· ,	Silver SDG Label
	☐ Platinum SDG Label
	☐ Diamond SDG Label
	CORSIA requirements (C⁺)
Declaration to be made by the Project	The Project Owner(s) declares that:
Owner(s) ⁵	The Project Activity complies with the eligibility of the applicable project
(Tick all applicable statements)	The Project Activity complies with the eligibility of the applicable project type (A1, A2, B1 or B2) as stipulated by the Project Standard.
	The Project Activity shall start operations, and start generating emission reductions, on or after 1 January 2016.
	The Project Activity is eligible to be registered under the GCC program.
	No carbon credits generated by the proposed Project Activity will be claimed as carbon credits in any other GHG program anywhere in the world, either for compliance or voluntary purposes, for the entire 10-year GCC crediting period.
	The proposed Project Activity, if Type A, is NOT registered as a GHG Project Activity in any other GHG program or any other voluntary program anywhere in the world.
	The proposed Project Activity is NOT included as a component Project Activity (CPA) in a registered GHG Programme of Activities (PoA) under any GHG program (such as the CDM or any other voluntary program) anywhere in the world.
	The proposed Project Activity is NOT a CPA that has been excluded from a registered PoA under any GHG program (such as the CDM or any other voluntary program) anywhere in the world.
	Provide details (if any) below for the boxes ticked above.

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⁴ **Note:** GCC Verifiers under the Individual Track are not eligible to conduct verifications for GCC Project Activities whose owners intend to supply carbon credits (ACCs) for use within CORSIA.

⁵ The "Project Owner" means the legal entity or organization that has overall control and responsibility for the Project Activity.

	-
	If a GCC project chooses to apply to use ACCs under CORSIA, the Project Owner(s) is required to declare that they are aware that they must obtain and provide to the GCC and its Registry (operated by IHS Markit) a written attestation from the host country's national focal point (e.g., Ministry of Environment or Civil Aviation Authority) or focal point's designee, as required by CORSIA Emissions Unit Eligibility Criteria, which:
	Confirms the avoidance of double counting as required by CORSIA;
	Shall be made publicly available prior to the use of units from the host country under CORSIA; and
	Places all responsibility on the Project Owner(s) to replace any and all doubly claimed or counted ACCs by the host country, in the GCC registry operated by IHS Markit.
	Provide details below for the boxes ticked above
	The Project Owner(s) declares that:
	All of the information provided in this document, including any supporting documents submitted to the GCC or its registry operator IHS Markit at any time, is true and correct;
	They understand that a failure by them to provide accurate information or data, or concealing facts and information, can be considered as negligence, fraud or willful misconduct. Therefore, they are aware that they are fully responsible for any liability that arises as a result of such actions.
	Provide details below for the boxes ticked above
Appendixes 1-7	Details about the Project Activity are provided in Appendixes 1 through 7 to this document.
Name, designation, date and signature of the Project	On behalf of AAB ENERJİ ÜRETİM TARIMSAL ÜRÜNLER GIDA İNŞAAT SANAYİ TİCARET A.Ş. METGES ENERJİ ELEKTRİK ÜRETİM A.Ş.
Owner(s)	Masfen İnşaat Enerji San. Ve Tic. A.Ş. Recep Çildarul
	14/03/2022
	MASPEN INSAAT ENERAL SANAYI vg TICARET A. 3. Ticaret Sicil Not 11849 / John Sied Ho. 12459 Mersia Not 1013 x Company 1 x 10 x 10 x 10 x 10 x 10 x 10 x 10 x
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1. PROJECT SUBMISSION FORM

Section A. Description of the Project Activity

A.1. Purpose and general description of the Project Activity

MASFEN-3 Solar Bundle is operated by Masfen İnşaat Enerji San. Ve Tic. A.Ş.. The project is reducing national energy deficit and development of local industries as it allows the use of local sources for energy generation to meet the increasing demands.

The purpose of the project is to generate clean energy by harnessing the solar power and providing the energy to the Turkish national grid. By implementing the project, investors also aim to reduce dependency to the fossil fuels thereby reducing the sources of environmental pollution.

In this scope, project owners installed total number of 46,076 PV panels with the purpose of contributing to the national economy the meeting the increased electricity demand. Total number of PVs under Gitaş-1 name is 23,712 and under the name Metges Burdur is 22,364. Gitaş-1 is located in Karapınar district in Konya Province. Metges Burdur is located in Merkez district, in Burdur Province.

Total output of the plant will be limited at 14 MWe.

The project activity will generate greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions by avoiding CO₂ emissions from electricity generation by fossil fuel power plants connected to Turkish National Power Grid. The average annual generated energy of 28,000 MWh, will be able to deliver a reduction in emissions of around 18,148 tCO2e (tons of carbon dioxide equivalent) per annum and 181,480 tCO2e in the first crediting period.

Main goals of the MASFEN-3 Solar Bundle include;

- Utilization of the solar potential of Turkey in order to meet increasing electricity demand and maintain energy security. In total, the solar energy capacity of Turkey is lower than 7% of the total installed capacity.⁶
- Reduction of GHG emissions through increasing share of renewable resources.
- Contribution to economic development by creating direct and indirect job opportunities during construction and operation phases.
- Reduction of import dependency on fossil fuel weighed electricity sector and diversify generation mix through use of local resources.
- Contribution to sustainable development through supporting local community and local economy.

In terms of local benefits, the project mainly contributes to the reduction of local air pollutants and local employment.

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⁶ https://webapi.teias.gov.tr/file/39abb292-4b3e-4e70-9e08-914d0ba9bd43?download

Table 1. Milestones of the Project

Milestone	Date
Connection agreement of Metges Burdur	4/12/2018
Panel Engineering, Procurement and Construction Agreement of Metges Burdur	06/08/2021
EIA (out of scope) for Metges Burdur	25/08/2020
EIA (out of scope) for Gitaş-1	31/08/2020
Connection agreement of Gitaş-1	10/09/2020
System usage agreement of Metges Burdur	15/10/2020
System usage agreement of Gitaş-1	21/10/2020
Panel Engineering, Procurement and Construction Agreement of Gitaş-1	09/09/2021
Provisional acceptance of Gitaş-1	20/10/2021
Provisional acceptance of Metges Burdur	20/12/2021

In terms of local benefits, the project mainly contributes to the reduction of local air pollutants and local employment.

The project is expected to contribute 4 SDGs which are SDG 7, 8, 9 and 13.

<u>SDG 7 Energy:</u> The project contributes SDG Target 7.2 "By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix" by the utilization of biomass as a renewable energy source.

<u>SDG 8 Economic Growth:</u> The project creates direct and indirect employment opportunities during construction and operation phases, so it contributes to SDG Target 8.5 "By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities and equal pay for work of equal value".

<u>SDG 9 Infrastructure</u>, <u>Industrialization:</u> <u>SDG Target 9.4 requires "By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities". The project helps the Target 9.4 by implementing a clean, reliable and environmental-friendly infrastructure for clean energy production / up-to-date industrialization.</u>

<u>SDG 13 Climate Change:</u> The project produces clean renewable energy by diminishing CO₂ emissions. Therefore, it contributes SDG Target 13.3 "Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning".

A.2. Location of the Project Activity

Address and geodetic coordinates of the physical site of the Project Activity						
Physical	address	Latitude	Longitude			
Gitaş-1	Metges Burdur					
Karapınar district in Konya Province.	Merkez district, in Burdur Province	Gitaş-1: N 37º 43' 53 Metges Burdur: N 37º 40	.76" E 33° 33' 20.16" D' 52.32" E 30° 15' 2.88"			





Figure 1. Site photographs of Gitaş-1

Figure 2. Site photographs of Metges Burdur

Table 1. GPS location

	SANTRAL SA	HASI KOORDINATI	ARI	
Santral Sahası	UTM Koordina	tları (6 Derece)	Köşenin Dilir	n .
Alanına Ait Köşe Numaraları	Sağa(Y)	Yukarı(X)	(6 Derece)	n Kot Değerleri
K1	548969.00	4176738.20	33	989,00
K2	549328.47	4176738.20	33	989,00
K3	549328.47	4176304.45	33	988,50
K4	548969.00	4176304.45	33	988,50

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	Met	tges Burdı	ır	
S	ANTRAL SAHAS	I KOORDÍNATL	ARI	
Santral Sahası	UTM Koordinatla	arı (6 Derece)	Köşenin Dilim	
Alanına Ait Köşe Numaraları	Sağa(Y)	Yukarı(X)	Orfa Boylamı (6 Derece)	Kot Değerleri
K1	257618.83	4174078.74	27	1291,13
K2	257649.72	4174095.28	27	1292,36
K3	257718.33	4174135.93	27	1297,12
K4	257747.95	4174154.00	27	1297,57
K5	257781.22	4174175.29	27	1297,01
K6	257843.01	4174212.17	27	1294,61
K7	257901.59	4174260.18	27	1297,06
K8	257950.59	4174322.37	27	1295,60
K9	257996.86	4174336.13	27	1292,63
K10	258040.18	4174341.88	27	1292,00
K11	258027.36	4174042.63	27	1292,68
K12	257995.05	4174003.05	27	1282,68
K13	257981.81	4174003.42	27	1289,53
K14	257975.28	4174018.64	27	1289,15
K15	257949.90	4174015.17	27	1286,90
K16	257889.44	4174031.96	27	1285,19
K17	257905.69	4173981.43	27	1285,00
K18	257822.20	4173965.05	27	1286,21
K19	257830.26	4173928.79	27	1286,41
K20	257820.00	4173897.84	27	1291,20
K21	257796.84	4173885.33	27	1290,07
K22	257755.63	4173886.57	27	1289.77
K23	257702.57	4173887.85	27	1289,72
K24	257633.29	4173888.83	27	1289,32
K25	257570.12	4173892.00	27	1288,31
K26	257589.43	4173957.26	27	1284,69
K27	257597.52	4174057.63	27	1283,82



Figure 3. Location of Gitaş-1 and Metges Burdur

A.3. Technologies/measures

Technical information on each plant are given in the tables below. Lifetime of the equipment are considered 25 years.

Table 2. Technical information on the solar panels

	Brand	Model	Maximum module power (Wp) ⁷	Number of modules
Gitaş-1	Alfa Solar	A3S72M-400	400	23712
Metges	CW Enerji	CWT455-	400	22264
Burdur		144HCMBPM	400	22364

A.4. Project Owner(s)

Location/ Country	Project Owner(s)	Where applicable ⁸ , indicate if the host country has provided approval (Yes/No)
Turkey	MASFEN İNŞAAT ENERJI SAN. VE TIC. A.Ş.	No
	AAB ENERJİ ÜRETİM TARIMSAL ÜRÜNLER GIDA İNŞAAT SANAYİ TİCARET A.Ş.	
	METGES ENERJİ ELEKTRİK ÜRETİM A.Ş.	

A.5. Declaration of intended use of Approved Carbon Credits (ACCs) generated by the Project Activity

The Project Activity is expected to generate ACCs for a full 10-year crediting period and supply the credits to offset the following GHG emissions:

Period		Name of the Entities	Purpose and Quantity of ACCs to be
From	То		supplied
20/10/2021	19/10/2031	CORSIA	18,148 tCO ₂

Carbon credits (ACCs) from the Project Activity would not be double counted.

A.6. Additional requirements for CORSIA

Please see Section E and F.

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 $^{^7 \} https://naturalsolar.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2017/03/Hanwha_Q_CELLS_Data_sheet_QPRO-G4.1_TL_260-270_2017-01_Rev01_AU.pdf$

⁸ For example, *Project Coordination Form* is to be filled-in by Project Owners for projects located in Qatar. A written attestation from the host country's national focal point or the focal point's designee, as required by CORSIA (Refer section A.5 of the PSF guidelines).

Section B. Application of selected methodology(ies)

B.1. Reference to methodology(ies)

The United Nations approved consolidated baseline methodology applicable to this project is AMS-I.D.: Grid connected renewable electricity generation --- Version 18.09

AMS-I.D refers to the following tools:

- "Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system", Version 7¹⁰, and
- "Positive lists of Technologies", Version 03.011

B.2. Applicability of methodology(ies)

The selected methodology is in line with the requirements and is therefore justified to be used because of the following reasons:

Project meets the applicability criteria defined by the selected methodology, which is AMS-I.D, ver 18.0:

No.	Applicability Conditions	The Project
1	This methodology is applicable to project activities that: (a) Install a Greenfield plant; (b) Involve a capacity addition in (an) existing plant(s); (c) Involve a retrofit of (an) existing plant(s); (d) Involve a rehabilitation of (an) existing plant(s)/unit(s); or (e) Involve a replacement of (an) existing plant(s).	The project activity is a greenfield, grid connected renewable electricity generation project.
2	Hydro power plants with reservoirs that satisfy at least one of the following conditions are eligible to apply this methodology: (a) The project activity is implemented in an existing reservoir with no change in the volume of reservoir; (b) The project activity is implemented in an existing reservoir, where the volume of reservoir is increased and the power density of the project activity, as per definitions given in the project emissions section, is greater than 4 W/m2; (c) The project activity results in new reservoirs and the power density of the power plant, as per definitions given in the project emissions section, is greater than 4 W/m2	The project activity is the installation of solar power plant. Hence this condition is N/A.
3	If the new unit has both renewable and non-renewable components (e.g. a wind/diesel unit), the eligibility limit of 15 MW for a small-scale CDM project activity applies only to the renewable component. If the new unit co-fires fossil fuel, the capacity of the entire unit shall not exceed the limit	The Project is a solar plant with renewable components only, with a capacity of less than 15 MWe.

⁹ https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/DB/W3TINZ7KKWCK7L8WTXFQQOFQQH4SBK

¹⁰ https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAmethodologies/tools/am-tool-07-v7.0.pdf

¹¹ https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAmethodologies/tools/am-tool-32-v3.0.pdf

	of 15 MW.	
4	Combined heat and power (co-generation) systems are not eligible under this category	The project does not involve combined heat and power generation activity.
5	In the case of project activities that involve the capacity addition of renewable energy generation units at an existing renewable power generation facility, the added capacity of the units added by the project should be lower than 15 MW and should be physically distinct from the existing units.	The Project is a solar plant with renewable components only, with a capacity of less than 15 MWe. The project does not incolve capacity addition.
6	In the case of retrofit, rehabilitation or replacement, to qualify as a small-scale project, the total output of the retrofitted, rehabilitated or replacement power plant/unit shall not exceed the limit of 15 MW.	The project does not involve capacity addition, a retrofit of (an) existing plant(s) or a replacement of (an) existing plant(s).
7	In the case of landfill gas, waste gas, wastewater treatment and agroindustries projects, recovered methane emissions are eligible under a relevant Type III category. If the recovered methane is used for electricity generation for supply to a grid then the baseline for the electricity component shall be in accordance with procedure prescribed nder this methodology. If the recovered methane is used for heat generation or cogeneration other applicable Type-I methodologies such as "AMS-I.C.: Thermal energy production with or without electricity" shall be explored.	The project is the installation of solar power plant. Hence, this condition is N/A.
8	In case biomass is sourced from dedicated plantations, the applicability criteria in the tool "Project emissions from cultivation of biomass" shall apply.	The project is the installation of solar power plant. Hence, this condition is N/A.

• The geographic and system boundaries for the relevant electricity grid can be clearly identified and information on the characteristics of the grid is available.

Since there exists no delineation of project electricity system or connected electricity systems by DNA, following criteria has been used to determine the existence of significant transmission constraints:

- In case of electricity systems with spot markets for electricity: there are differences in electricity prices (without transmission and distribution costs) of more than 5 percent between the systems during 60 percent or more of the hours of the year.
- The transmission line is operated at 90% or more of its rated capacity during 90% percent or more of the hours of the year.

Since the project output is fed to the Turkish electricity grid which does not involve any distinct electricity systems that applies different price, first criteria defined above is not applicable. Also, since the transmission line between the proposed projects and nearest substation is built within the scope of the project and there exist no information on grid capacity utilization, second criteria is also inapplicable. Based on assessment above, it is difficult to conclude with a significant transmission constraint or grid boundary. Since there is no dispatch grid system in Turkey, the project boundary is considered as the National Electricity Grid of Turkey according to applied tool. The geographical and physical boundaries of the Turkish grid and location of the power plants are well identified as given diagram below.

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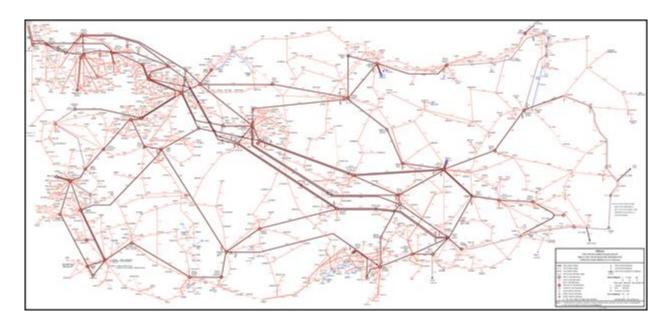


Figure 4. Turkish electricity grid

As per AMS-I.D methodology Section 2.2.9, the applicability conditions included in the tools used shall also be discussed.¹²

- Tool 07 "Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system", Version 7¹³: This tool is applicable and used for the calculation of OM, CM and CM since the project activity includes grid power plants and supplies electricity to the grid.
- Toold 32 "Positive lists of Technologies", Version 03.0¹⁴: This tool is used as a reference that solar photovoltaic grid-connected electricity generation technologies are considered for the positive list, which shows technologies that confer automatic additionality.

Applicability as per "Tool 07: Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system, version 07.0"

No.	Applicability Conditions	The Project	
1	This tool may be applied to estimate the OM, BM and/or CM when	The project activity supplies	
	calculating baseline emissions for a project activity that substitutes grid	electricity to a grid. Hence,	
	electricity that is where a project activity supplies electricity to a grid or a	this condition is met.	
	project activity that results in savings of electricity that would have been		
	provided by the grid (e.g. demand-side energy efficiency projects).		
2	Under this tool, the emission factor for the project electricity system can be	CO ₂ emission factor for the	
	calculated either for grid power plants only or, as an option, can include	displacement of	

¹²https://cdm.unfccc.int/filestorage/2/P/7/2P7FS6ZQAR84LG3NMKYUH50WI9ODBC/EB81_repan24_AMS-I.D ver18.pdf?t=UHp8cjNzZHhlfDD9s5G5hUiUHORGy-hX3U z

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¹³ https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAmethodologies/tools/am-tool-07-v7.0.pdf

¹⁴ https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAmethodologies/tools/am-tool-32-v3.0.pdf

	off-grid power plants. In the latter case, two sub-options under the step 2 of the tool are available to the project participants, i.e. option IIa and option IIb. If option IIa is chosen, the conditions specified in "Appendix 1: Procedures related to off-grid power generation" should be met. Namely, the total capacity of off-grid power plants (in MW) should be at least 10 per cent of the total capacity of grid power plants in the electricity system; or the total electricity generation by off-grid power plants (in MWh) should be at least 10 per cent of the total electricity generation by grid power plants in the electricity system; and that factors which negatively affect the reliability and stability of the grid are primarily due to constraints in generation and not to other aspects such as transmission capacity.	electricity generated by power plants in an electricity system is determined by calculating the "combined margin" emission factor (CM) of the electricity system.
3	In case of CDM projects the tool is not applicable if the project electricity system is located partially or totally in an Annex I country.	The project electricity system is not located partially or totally in an Annex I country. Hence, this condition is N/A.
4	Under this tool, the value applied to the CO_2 emission factor of biofuels is zero.	The project does not involve biofuels in any way.

Applicability as per "Tool 32: Positive lists of technologies, version 03.0"

No.	Applicability Conditions	The Project
1	The use of this methodological tool is not mandatory for the project participants of a CDM project activity or CDM PoA for demonstrating their additionality.	The project applies a small- scale methodology that refers to this tool. Hence, this condition is met.
2	This methodological tool shall be applied in conjunction with a small-scale or large-scale methodology which refers to this tool.	The project applies a small- scale methodology that refers to this tool. Hence, this condition is met.
3	The positive lists as contained in section 5 of this tool are valid up to 28 November 2022. Notwithstanding the provisions on the validity of new, revised and previous versions of methodologies and methodological tools in the "Procedure: Development, revision and clarification of baseline and monitoring methodologies and methodological tools", there will be no grace period for the application of this tool and the validity of the positive list after this date, including in cases where further technologies are added to the positive list through revisions of this tool before this date.	"Solar photovoltaic technologies" is included in section 5.2.1. of this tool. Hence, this condition is met.

Two-level analysis for formulation of homogeneous bundles

The project also meets Clarification No. 01 criteria as per GCC Rules & Requirements. A single bundled project is developed by organizing several homogeneous bundles of activities put together. Two-level analysis is needed for determination of homogeneous bundles for a bundled project.

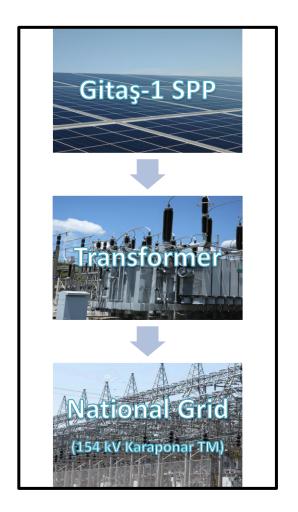
No.	Condition	The Project
1	<u>Level-1 analysis</u> – Consideration of key aspects for developing	The project is a bundle of
	Homogeneous Bundles: A homogeneous bundle shall be formed based on	projects which apply the

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	the analysis of multiple activities to find out similarity in technological, economic and environmental/methodological considerations. These are	same type of technology. The project is a single project
	explained as follows.	developed to include only
	(i) Similarity in Technological Considerations: All activities in a bundle	solar PV technology and
	shall apply same type of technology as allowed by the applicable	applying AMS- I.D. Hence, the
	methodology or combination of methodologies3, if allowed, addressing	project complies with the
	'cross-effects' (e.g., a single project developed to include only solar PV	clarifications.
	technology and applying ACM0002 and AMS- I.D).	
	(ii)	
	(iii)	
2	<u>Level-2 analysis</u> – Criteria for differentiating the bundles: Formulate a	Level-2 analysis is not
	separate bundle of activities if any of the following criteria is not complied	required since the project
	with.	meets criteria (c).
	(a) Same baseline of each activity within a bundle;	
	(b) Same output of each activity (e.g., heat or power or cogeneration);	
	(c) Same Technology of each activity (e.g., wind or solar);	

B.3. Project boundary, sources and greenhouse gases (GHGs)

The project boundary is considered as the National Electricity Grid of Turkey according to applied tool. The spatial extent of the project boundary includes the project power plant and all power plants connected physically to the electricity system that the power plant is connected to.



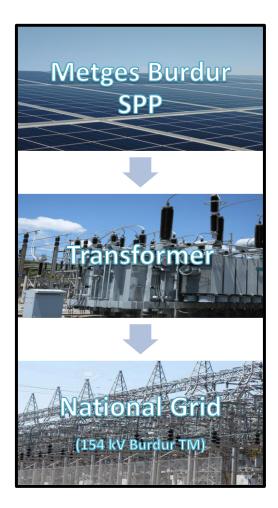


Figure 5. Project boundary of Gitaş-1 SPP

Figure 6. Project boundary of Metges Burdur SPP

The project does not involve any other emissions sources not foreseen by the methodologies. The greenhouse gases and emission sources included in or excluded from the project boundary are shown in table below.

The table below provides an overview of the emissions sources included or excluded from the project boundary for determination of baseline and project emissions.

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	Source		Included?	Justification/Explanation
e e	Electricity generation	CO ₂	Yes	Main emission source
Baseline		CH₄	No	Minor emission source.
se				Excluded for simplification
Ba		N_2O	No	Minor emission source.
				Excluded for simplification
	For geothermal power plants,	CO_2	No	Not Applicable. Project is not a
	fugitive emissions of CH ₄ and CO ₂			geothermal power plant.
	from non-condensable gases	CH₄	No	Not Applicable. Project is not a
	contained in geothermal steam.			geothermal power plant.
		N_2O	No	Not Applicable. Project is not a
>				geothermal power plant.
Activity	CO ₂ emissions from combustion of	CO_2	No	Not Applicable. Project is a
cţi	fossil fuels for electricity			solar power plant.
-	generation in solar thermal power	CH₄	No	Not Applicable. Project is a
Sct	plants and geothermal power			solar power plant.
Project	plants.	N_2O	No	Not Applicable. Project is a
P				solar power plant.
	For hydro power plants, emissions	CO_2	No	Not Applicable. Project is not a
	of CH₄ from the reservoir.			hydro power plant.
		CH₄	No	Not Applicable. Project is not a
				hydro power plant.
		N_2O	No	Not Applicable. Project is not a
				hydro power plant.

B.4. Establishment and description of the baseline scenario

This project follows an approved small-scale UNFCCC methodology which is AMS-I.D.: Grid connected renewable electricity generation --- Version 18.0 . Selected methodology has been applied together with the "tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system, version 7", "positive lists of technologies, version 03.0" has also been used.

According to the methodology baseline scenario has been identified as "the electricity delivered to the grid by the project activity that otherwise would have been generated by the operation of grid-connected power plants and by the addition of new generation sources".

Turkish electricity generation is mainly composed of thermal power plants and the share of renewable resources; especially hydroelectric power plants have decreased significantly in recent years whereas share of wind power plants are still very low. Since Turkey is an advanced developing country, there is an increasing demand for electricity which is fully expected to continue in the foreseeable future (Figure below).

The trend in Turkey to date and given historically slow development of alternative energy resources is to build an increasing number of thermal power plants in the future to satisfy the annual growth in energy consumption demand. Turkey as an advanced developing nation has looked at dealing with energy security by developing and constructing high capacity coal and natural gas power plants. The development of thermal power plants has been also encouraged by the large natural resource

availability in Turkey, especially the abundance of economically accessible lignite.

In the absence of the proposed project activity, the same amount of electricity is required to be supplied via either the current power plants or by increasing the number of thermal power plants thus increasing GHG emissions.

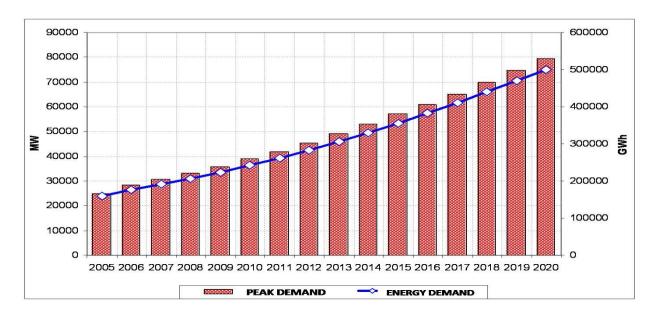


Figure 7. Peak Load and consumption projection for Turkish electricity system between 2005-2020¹⁵

The project is estimated to reduce CO₂ emissions by 18,148 tonnes, annually.

B.5. Demonstration of additionality

The GCC applies the following approach for demonstrating additionality, consisting of two components:

- (i) A Legal Requirement Test; and
- (ii) An Additionality Test either based on a Positive List test or a projects-specific additionality test.
- (i) The project is not required by a law that is enforced. The project passes the legal requirement test since there are no enforced laws, statutes, regulations, court orders, environmental-mitigation agreements, permitting conditions or other legally-binding mandates that are requiring this project's implementation, or requiring the implementation of a similar technology/measure that would achieve equivalent levels of GHG emission reductions with this project. Voluntary commitments/agreements within a sector or by an entity do not constitute the legal requirements. Hence, the project is additional as per paragraph 46 of Project Standard.

 ${\tt 15http://www.teias.gov.tr/apkuretimplani/veriler.htm}\\$

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(ii) According to the CDM tool "Positive lists of Technologies", version 03.0, section 5.2.3, solar photovoltaic technologies are included in the positive list that confer automatic additionality to CDM project activities.

B.6. Estimation of emission reductions

B.6.1. Explanation of methodological choices

Emission factor will remain same over the crediting period.

Emission Reduction

Ex-ante emission reductions (ERy) are calculated as follows:

ERy = BEy - PEy - LEy

Where:

ERy = Emission reductions in year y (tCO₂)

BEy = Baseline emissions in year y (tCO_2)

PEy = Project Emissions in year y (tCO₂)

LEy = Leakage emissions in year y (tCO₂)

Baseline Emissions

Baseline emission is calculated according to the formula:

 $BEy = EGy \times EFy$

Where:

EGy = Net electricity delivered to the grid by the project activity in year y excluding transmission losses of the grid

EFy = Emission factor calculated according to selected methodology and according to the Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources document named as Turkey's National Electricity Network Emission Factor Factsheet (06/10/2021), OM is calculated as 0.7258 tCO₂/MWh whereas BM is 0.4153 tCO₂/MWh)¹⁶ Therefore, CM is calculated as 0.6482 whereas 0.75 and 0.25 weightage factor given to OM and BM, respectively.

Considering this project is a solar power plant project, combined margin is calculated as follows: $CM = (OM \times 0.75) + (BM \times 0.25)$

As given by the Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources, built margin is 0.7258 and operating margin is 0.4153.

 $(0.7258 \times 0.75) + (0.4153 \times 0.25) = 0.6482 \text{ tCO}_2/\text{MWh}$

Project Emissions

Since the project is classified as a renewable energy project, parameter PE_{FF,v} is neglected.

16

https://enerji.gov.tr//Media/Dizin/EVCED/tr/%C3%87evreVe%C4%B0klim/%C4%B0klimDe%C4%9Fi%C5%9Fikli%C4%9Fi/T%C3%BCrkiyeUlusalElektrik%C5%9EebekesiEmisyonFakt%C3%B6r%C3%BC/Belgeler/EK-2.pdf

Therefore, PEy = 0

Leakage Emissions

No leakage emissions are considered. The main emissions potentially giving rise to leakage in the context of electric sector projects are emissions arising due to activities such as power plant construction and upstream emissions from fossil fuel use (e.g. extraction, processing, transport). These emissions sources are neglected

Also, the energy generating equipment is not transferred from or to another activity. Therefore, leakage is considered as "0".

Total Emission Reduction

As a result, Total Emission Reduction is: ERy = BEy

B.6.2. Data and parameters fixed ex ante

Data / Parameter Table 1.

Data / Parameter:	EF _{grid,CM,y}
Methodology	AMS-I.D
reference	
Data unit	tCO ₂ /MWh
Description	Combined margin CO2 emission factor for the
	project electricity system in year
Measured/calculated /default	
Data source	Tool 07 Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system
	Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources, OM & BM values ¹⁷
Value(s) of monitored	0.6482 tCO ₂ /MWh
parameter	
Measurement/ Monitoring equipment (if applicable)	The coefficients are taken as 0.25 and 0.75 for BM and OM, respectively according to the methodology.

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¹⁷

https://enerji.gov.tr//Media/Dizin/EVCED/tr/%C3%87evreVe%C4%B0klim/%C4%B0klimDe%C4%9Fi%C5%9Fikli%C4%9Fi/T%C3%BCrkiyeUlusalElektrik%C5%9EebekesiEmisyonFakt%C3%B6r%C3%BC/Belgeler/EK-2.pdf

Measuring/reading/	Once in each crediting period
recording frequency	
(if applicable)	
Calculation method	$CM = (BM \times 0.25) + (OM \times 0.75)$
(if applicable)	As given by the Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources, built margin is
	0.4153 and operating margin is 0.7258.
	$(0.4153 \times 0.25) + (0.7258 \times 0.75) = 0.6482 \text{ tCO}_2/\text{MWh}$
QA/QC	-
procedures	
Purpose of data	To calculate baseline emission
Additional	-
comments	

B.6.3. Ex-ante calculation of emission reductions

Emission Reduction

Ex-ante emission reductions (ERy) are calculated as follows:

ERy = BEy - PEy - LEy

Where:

ERy = Emission reductions in year y (tCO₂)

BEy = Baseline emissions in year y (tCO_2)

PEy = Project Emissions in year y (tCO₂)

LEy = Leakage emissions in year y (tCO_2)

Baseline Emissions

Baseline emission is calculated according to the formula:

 $BEy = EGy \times EFy$

Where:

EGy = Net electricity delivered to the grid by the project activity in year y excluding transmission losses of the grid (28,000 MWh)

EFy = Emission factor calculated according to selected methodology and according to the Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources document named as Turkey's National Electricity Network Emission Factor Factsheet (06/10/2021), OM is calculated as 0.7258 tCO₂/MWh whereas BM is 0.4153 tCO₂/MWh)¹⁸ Therefore, CM is calculated as 0.6482 whereas 0.75 and 0.25 weightage factor given to OM and BM, respectively.

Considering this project is a solar power plant project, combined margin is calculated as follows: $CM = (OM \times 0.75) + (BM \times 0.25)$

As given by the Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources, built margin is 0.7258 and operating margin is 0.4153.

 $(0.7258 \times 0.75) + (0.4153 \times 0.25) = 0.6482 \text{ tCO}_2/\text{MWh}$

¹⁸

https://enerji.gov.tr//Media/Dizin/EVCED/tr/%C3%87evreVe%C4%B0klim/%C4%B0klimDe%C4%9Fi%C5%9Fikli%C4%9Fi/T%C3%BCrkiyeUlusalElektrik%C5%9EebekesiEmisyonFakt%C3%B6r%C3%BC/Belgeler/EK-2.pdf

 $BEy = 28,000 \text{ MWh} \times 0.6482 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e}/\text{MWh} = 18,148 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e}$

Project Emissions

Since the project is classified as a renewable energy project, parameter $PE_{FF,y}$ is neglected. Therefore,

PEy = 0

Leakage Emissions

No leakage emissions are considered. The main emissions potentially giving rise to leakage in the context of electric sector projects are emissions arising due to activities such as power plant construction and upstream emissions from fossil fuel use (e.g. extraction, processing, transport). These emissions sources are neglected

Also, the energy generating equipment is not transferred from or to another activity. Therefore, leakage is considered as "0".

Total Emission Reduction

As a result, Total Emission Reduction is:

ERy = BEy

So, final emission reduction value is 18,148 tCO₂/year, and 181,480 tCO₂ for the whole crediting period of 10 years.

B.6.4. Summary of ex ante estimates of emission reductions

Year	Baseline emissions (tCO₂e)	Project emissions (tCO₂e)	Leakage (tCO₂e)	Emission reductions (tCO₂e)		
2021 (20/10/2021 - 31/12/2021)	3,630	0	0	3,630		
2022	18,148	0	0	18,148		
2023	18,148	0	0	18,148		
2024	18,148	0	0	18,148		
2025	18,148	0	0	18,148		
2026	18,148	0	0	18,148		
2027	18,148	0	0	18,148		
2028	18,148	0	0	18,148		
2029	18,148	0	0	18,148		
2030	18,148	0	0	18,148		
2031 (01/01/2031- 19/10/2031)	14,518	0	0	14,518		
Total	181,480	0	0	181,480		

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Total number of crediting	10 years									
years										
Annual										
average over the crediting period	18,148	0	0	18,148						

B.7. Monitoring plan

B.7.1. Data and parameters to be monitored

Data / Parameter Table 2.

Data / Parameter:	EGfacility,y									
Methodology	AMS-I.D									
reference										
Data unit	MWh									
Description	Net Electricity generated	d and delivered	to the grid by the	e power plant in						
	year y									
Measured/calculated	Measured									
/default										
Source of data	Electricity meter readings on-site									
Value(s) of	Estimated annual generation forming the basis for emission reduction									
monitored	calculation is 28,000 MWh.									
parameter										
Measurement/										
Monitoring		0 . 5550	10							
equipment	Type of meter	Gyr E550 - LUN	N6							
	Location of meter	0.50								
	Accuracy of meter	0.5S								
	Serial number of	0'' 1	Main	Spare						
	meter	Gitaş-1	40304881	75002204						
		Metges	69206308	80281407						
	Calibration fragrups	Burdur								
	Calibration frequency Date of Calibration/	10 years								
	validity									
	Reference No. of									
	Calibration Certificate									
	Calibration Status	Calibrated								
Measuring/reading/	Monthly									
recording frequency										
Calculation method		EGy calculation is used by EPIAS (which is one of the TEIAS								
(if applicable)	association) records ar	nd which are r	nore conservativ	e than the site						

	records. Generation is recorded via remote reading system. The values are cross-check with the on-site meter records.
	Generation data is recorded by two metering devices continuously. These records provide the data for the monthly invoicing to TEIAS. Generation is recorded via remote reading system. The quantity of electricity supplied by the project plant/unit to the grid(ISVM) and the quantity of electricity delivered to the project plant/unit from the grid (UECM) are measured. Net generation is calculated via subtracting energy delivered by the project activity to the grid for internal consumption from electricity fed to the grid.
QA/QC procedures:	Calibration of the meters are valid for 10 years based on related regulation ¹⁹ . Maintenance and calibration of the metering devices are made by TEIAS. If there is a significant difference between the readings of two devices, maintenance and tests of the metering devices and the associated equipment are done before waiting for the periodical maintenance. The meters should comply with EPDK regulations which define the accuracy class of the meters as 0.2 or 0.5 depending on the capacity of the circuit as given in document in link (https://www.epdk.gov.tr/Detay/Icerik/3-0-0-128/tebligler).
Purpose of data	To calculate the baseline emission value To assess the contribution SDG 7 Energy / 7.2 "By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix by the utilization of biomass as a renewable energy source. To assess the contribution SDG 9 Infrastructure, Industrialization / 9.4 By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities
Additional	-
comments	

Data / Parameter Table 3.

Data / Parameter:	CO2 Emissions
Methodology	GCC Environment-and-Social-Safeguards-Standard-v2
reference	
Data unit	tonnes
Description	Reduction of CO ₂ emissions due to implementation of project activity
	that would otherwise be emitted by thermal power plants
Measured/calculated	Calculated
/default	

¹⁹

https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/anasayfa/MevzuatFihristDetaylframe? MevzuatTur=7&MevzuatNo=6381&MevzuatTertip=5

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Source of data	Electricity generated by MASFEN-3 Solar Bundle and OM&BM calculations
Value(s) of monitored parameter	18,148 tonnes of CO ₂ annually
Measurement/ Monitoring equipment	-
Measuring/reading/ recording frequency	Continuous reading, monthly recording
Calculation method (if applicable)	The net electricity supplied by the Project will be continuously measured and recorded by EPIAS; and will be kept by the Project Owner
QA/QC procedures:	-
Purpose of data	To assess the contribution SDG 13 Climate Action / 13.3.2 Number of countries that have communicated the strengthening of institutional, systemic and individual capacity-building to implement adaptation, mitigation and technology transfer, and development actions development
Additional comments	-

Data / Parameter Table 4.

Data / Parameter:	Quantitative Employment
Methodology	GCC Environment-and-Social-Safeguards-Standard-v2
reference	
Data unit	Number of recruited staff during operation
Description	Creating new employment opportunities
Measured/calculated	Measured
/default	
Source of data	Employment records
Value(s) of	Project created employment opportunity. Masfen İnşaat Enerji San. Ve
monitored	Tic. A.Ş. creates around 70 job opportunities.
parameter	
Measurement/	Employees working under the main company Masfen İnşaat Enerji San.
Monitoring	Ve Tic. A.Ş. works for the projects in the bundle. They are employed
equipment	also to work in the other bundles of the main company as shifting.
Measuring/reading/	Annually
recording frequency	
Calculation method	Employment records will be checked
(if applicable)	
QA/QC	-
procedures:	

Purpose of data	To assess the contribution to SDG 8 Economic Growth - SDG Target 8.5 "By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities and equal pay for work of equal value".
Additional comments	-

Data / Parameter Table 5.

Data / Parameter:	Solid Waste Pollution from E-wastes and Batteries
Methodology reference	GCC Environment-and-Social-Safeguards-Standard-v2
Data unit	-
Description	No solid waste pollution caused due to e-wastes and batteries from the project activity
Measured/calculated /default	Measured
Source of data	Records of any incidents of panel damage
Value(s) of monitored parameter	No solid waste pollution due to e-wastes and batteries in the baseline
Measurement/ Monitoring equipment	-
Measuring/reading/ recording frequency	Annually
Calculation method (if applicable)	Any e-waste and battery wastes will be handled according to the national regulations: Regulation on Waste Management ²⁰ , Regulation on Electrical and Electronic Waste Control ²¹ , and Regulation on Battery and Accumulator Wastes ²² .
QA/QC procedures:	The panels are under warranty. In any case of problems, the panels are returned to the manufacturer and further handling of the wastes are done by the manufacturer.
Purpose of data	To comply with GCC Environment-and-Social-Safeguards-Standard-v2
Additional comments	-

B.7.2. Monitoring-program of risk management actions

There is no parameter evaluated as "Harmful" in Section E.

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²⁰ https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/mevzuat?MevzuatNo=20644&MevzuatTur=7&MevzuatTertip=5

 $^{^{21}\} https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/mevzuat? MevzuatNo=16159\& MevzuatTur=7\& MevzuatTertip=5$

²² https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/mevzuat?MevzuatNo=7118&MevzuatTur=7&MevzuatTertip=5

B.7.3. Sampling plan

N/A

B.7.4. Other elements of the monitoring plan

Monitoring is a key procedure to verify the real and measurable emission reductions from the proposed project. To guarantee the proposed project's real, measurable and long-term GHG emission reductions, the monitoring plan is established.

Net electricity generation is measured and recorded via meters sealed by TEIAS for billing purposes. Therefore, no new additional protocol is needed for monitoring emission reduction. Power Plant Manager, is responsible for the electricity generated, gathering all relevant data and keeping the records.

Generation data collected during crediting period is submitted to GTE who is responsible for calculating the emission reduction subject to verification: Generation data is used to prepare monitoring reports which are used to determine the vintage from the project activity.

Verification Team Members is expected to include the following staff:

Plant Manager: Responsibility for running the plant and compliance with monitoring plan **Accounting Manager:** Responsible for keeping data about generation and consumption. and

GTE Karbon Sürdürülebilir Enerji Eğitim Danişmanlık Ve Tic. A.Ş.: Responsible for emission reduction calculations, preparing monitoring report and periodical verification process.

Installation of meter and data monitoring are carried out according to the regulations by TEIAS. Two metering devices (one of them used as spare) are used for monitoring the electricity generated by the power plant. Readings are be done using main metering devices and spare metering device is used for comparison only. Data from metering devices is recorded by TEIAS monthly (through remote reading).

Two calibrated meters backup each other. Maintenance and calibration of the metering devices are made by TEIAS. If there is a significant difference between the readings of two devices, maintenance and tests of the metering devices and the associated equipment are done before waiting for the periodical maintenance. The meters should comply with EPDK regulations which define the accuracy class of the meters as 0.2 or 0.5 depending on the capacity of the circuit as given in document in link (http://www.epdk.gov.tr/web/elektrik-piyasasi-dairesi/44). EPIAS records will be taken in consideration while calculating net electricity generation by the plant. ISVM (Electricity fed to the grid) and UECM (Electricity consumed from the grid) data given in the EPIAS records are used for emission reduction calculations. Meters at the site will be used for crosscheck.

All data is kept for at least two years after the crediting period for QA/QC purposes.

Calibration of the metering devices is made by TEIAS and sealed before the commissioning of the power plant. The meters are calibrated by TEIAS when there is an inconsistency between two devices. Calibrations are done according to the Measuring Instruments Directive.²³

Table 3. Technical information on electricity meters

		Main	Meter		Spare Meter				
	Brand	Туре	Class	Serial Nr.	Brand	Type	Class	Serial Nr.	
Gitaş-1	Landis	Gyr E550	0.5S	40304881	Makel	C520.AMT2556	0.5S	75002204	
Metges Burdur	Luna	LUN6	0.5S	69206308	Makel	C520.AMT2556	0.5S	80281407	

Section C. Start date, crediting period type and duration

C.1. Start date of the Project Activity

Start date of project activity is 20/10/2021, after the first provisional acceptance.

C.2. Expected operational lifetime of the Project Activity

Expected operational lifetime of the project activity is considered as 25 years, according to the technical sheets of the solar panels.

C.3. Crediting period of the Project Activity

C.3.1. Fixed crediting period

The crediting period is fixed as 10 years.

C.3.2. Start date of the crediting period

Start date of the crediting period is 20/10/2021, after the first provisional acceptance.

C.3.3. Duration of the crediting period

Crediting period is between 20/10/2021 and 19/10/2031, fixed as 10 years.

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²³

https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/anasayfa/MevzuatFihristDetaylframe?MevzuatTur=7&MevzuatNo=6381&MevzuatTertip =5

Section D. Environmental impacts

D.1. Analysis of environmental impacts

Please see section E.

D.2. Environmental impact assessment

Gitaş-1 received their environmental impact assessment out of scope approval on 22/11/2016, due to the capacities of the projects being below the limit for EIA requirement. And, Metges Burdur received environmental impact assessment out of scope approval on 17/04/2018, due to the capacities of the projects being below the limit for EIA requirement.

Section E. Environmental and social safeguards

E.1. Environmental safeguards

>>

Impact of Proje	ect Activity		Informati	on on Impact	s, Do-No-Har	m Risk Asses	ssment and E	stablishing Sat	eguards		Project Conc	Owner's Iusion
		Description of Impact (both	Legal requirement	Do-No-	Harm Risk Asse	ssment	Risk Mitigatio	on Action Plans		Residual Risk sment	Self-Dec	claration
		positive and / Limit negative)		Not Applicable (No actions required)	Harmless (No actions required)	Harmful (Actions required)	Operational Controls	Program of Risk Management Actions	Re-evaluate Risks	Monitoring	Explanation of Conclusion	The Projec Activity wil not cause any harm
Environmental impacts on the identified categories ²⁴ indicated below.	Indicators for environmental impacts	Describe anticipated environmental impacts, both positive and negative from all sources (stationary and mobile), that may result from the Project Activity, within and outside the project boundary, over which the Project Owner(s) has control, and beyond what would reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of the Project Activity.	Describe the applicable national regulatory requirements /legal limits related to the identified risks of environmental impacts.	If no environmental impacts are anticipated, then the Project Activity is unlikely to cause any harm (is safe) and shall be indicated as Not Applicable (No actions required)	If environmental impacts are anticipated, but are expected to be in compliance with applicable national regulatory requirements/ below the legal limits, then the Project Activity is unlikely to cause any harm (is safe) and shall be indicated as Harmless (No actions required)	If environmental impacts are anticipated that will not be in compliance with the applicable national regulatory requirements or are likely to exceed legal limits, then the Project Activity is likely to cause harm (may be un-safe) and shall be indicated as Harmful (Actions required).	Describe the operational controls and best practices, focusing on how to implement and operate the Project Activity, to reduce the risk of impacts that have been identified as Harmful.	Describe the Program of Risk Management Actions (refer to Table 3), focusing on additional actions (e.g., installation of pollution control equipment) that will be adopted to reduce the risk of impacts that have been identified as Harmful.	Re-evaluate risks after Risk Mitigation Action Plans have been developed (refer to previous two columns) for impacts that have been identified as Harmful. Indicate whether the risks have been eliminated or reduced and, where appropriate, indicate them as Harmless (No actions required)	Describe the monitoring approach and the parameters to be monitored for each impact that has been identified as Harmful and described in the PSF (refer to Table 3).	Describe how the Project Owner has concluded that the Project Activity is likely to achieve the identified Risk Mitigation Action Plan targets for managing risks to levels that are unlikely to cause any harm.	Confirm that the Project Activity risks of negative environment impacts are expected to be managed to levels that are unlikely to cause any harm (Mark +1 for Yes or and -1 for No.
Environme	ntal Safeg	uards										
Environment - Air	SO _x emissions	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	NO _x emissions	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	CO ₂ emissions	The project reduces CO ₂ emissions	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	Electricity generated by the	N/A	+1

²⁴ sourced from the CDM SD Tool and the sample reports are available (https://www4.unfccc.int/sites/sdcmicrosite/Pages/SD-Reports.aspx)

		since it reduces the amount of fossil fuel used. In case of "no project", stated amount of electricity would be generated from fossil fuels and cause air pollution.								power plant will be used to calculate emission reductions achieved by the project.		
	CO emissions	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Suspended particulate matter (SPM) emissions	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Fly ash emissions	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Non-Methane Volatile Organic Compounds (NMVOCs)	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Odor emissions	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Noise Pollution	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Environment - Land	Solid waste Pollution from Plastics	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Solid waste Pollution from Hazardous wastes	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Solid waste Pollution from Bio-medical wastes	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Solid waste Pollution from E-wastes	No e-waste pollution is expected	Regulation on Waste Manageme	N/A	Harmless	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	If any e- waste is generated,	In any case of problems, the panels	0

		from the project activity. If any e-waste is generated, they will be handled according to national regulations.	nt ²⁵ , Regulation on Electrical and Electronic Waste Control ²⁶ , and Regulation on Battery and Accumulato r Wastes ²⁷ .							disposal records will be present.	are returned to the manufactur er and further handling of the wastes are done by the manufactur er.	
	ution from preries 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	No e-waste pollution is expected from the project activity. If any e-waste is generated, they will be handled according to national regulations.	Regulation on Waste Manageme nt, Regulation on Electrical and Electronic Waste Control, and Regulation on Battery and Accumulato r Wastes.	N/A	Harmless	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	If any e- waste is generated, disposal records will be present.	In any case of problems, the panels are returned to the manufactur er and further handling of the wastes are done by the manufactur er.	0
Pollu end o produ	ution from I of life G ducts/ I ipment G	If any end-of- life products or equipment that is generated on site will be handled according to national regulations	Regulation on Waste Manageme nt, Regulation on Electrical and Electronic Waste Control, and Regulation on Battery and Accumulato r Wastes.	N/A	Harmless	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	If such waste is generated, disposal records will be present.	In any case of problems, the panels are returned to the manufactur er and further handling of the wastes are done by the manufactur er.	0

 $^{^{25} \} https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/mevzuat? MevzuatNo=20644 \& MevzuatTur=7 \& MevzuatTertip=5 \\ ^{26} \ https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/mevzuat? MevzuatNo=16159 \& MevzuatTur=7 \& MevzuatTertip=5 \\ ^{26} \ https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/mevzuat? MevzuatNo=16159 \& MevzuatTur=7 \& MevzuatTertip=5 \\ ^{26} \ https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/mevzuat? MevzuatNo=16159 \& MevzuatTur=7 \& MevzuatTertip=5 \\ ^{26} \ https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/mevzuat? MevzuatNo=16159 \& MevzuatTur=7 \& MevzuatTertip=5 \\ ^{26} \ https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/mevzuat? MevzuatNo=16159 \& MevzuatTur=7 \& MevzuatTertip=5 \\ ^{26} \ https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/mevzuat? MevzuatNo=16159 \& MevzuatTur=7 \& MevzuatTertip=5 \\ ^{26} \ https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/mevzuat? MevzuatNo=16159 \& MevzuatTur=7 \& MevzuatTertip=5 \\ ^{26} \ https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/mevzuat? MevzuatNo=16159 \& MevzuatTur=7 \& MevzuatTertip=5 \\ ^{26} \ https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/mevzuat? MevzuatNo=16159 \& MevzuatTur=7 \& MevzuatNo=16159 \& MevzuatNo=1615$

²⁷ https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/mevzuat?MevzuatNo=7118&MevzuatTur=7&MevzuatTertip=5

	Soil Pollution from Chemicals (including Pesticides, heavy metals, lead, mercury)	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Soil erosion	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Environment - Water	Reliability/ accessibility of water supply	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Water Consumption from ground and other sources	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Generation of wastewater	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Wastewater discharge without/with insufficient treatment	N/A	N/A	N/A		-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Pollution of Surface, Ground and/or Bodies of water	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Environment - Natural Resources	Conserving mineral resources	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Protecting/ enhancing plant life	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Protecting/ enhancing species diversity	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Protecting/ enhancing forests	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

	Protecting/ enhancing other depletable natural resources	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Conserving energy	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
1	Replacing fossil fuels with renewable sources of energy	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Replacing ODS with non-ODS refrigerants	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Note: If the score is: (a) zero or greater, the overall impact is neutral or positive and there is no net harm; and (b) less than zero, the overall impact is negative and there is net harm to Environment. Score is obtained after adding the individual scores in each of the rows in the last column of the above table.

Net Score:	+1
Project Owner's Conclusion in PSF:	The Project Owner confirms that the Project Activity will not cause any net harm to the environment.

E.2. Social Safeguards

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Impact of Pro	oject		Informat	ion on Impac	ts, Do-No-Harn	n Risk Assess	sment and Es	tablishing Sa	feguards		Project C Concli	
		Description of Impact (both positive and	Legal requirement /Limit	Do-No	o-Harm Risk Asses	sment	Risk Mitigation	n Action Plans	Do-No-Harm R Assess		Self-Decl	aration
		negative)		Not Applicable (No actions required)	Harmless (No actions required)	Harmful (Actions required)	Operational Controls	Program of Risk Managemen t Actions	Re-evaluate Risks	Monitoring	Explanation of Conclusion	The Project Activity will not cause any harm
Social impacts on the identified categories ²⁸ indicated below.	Indicators for social impacts	Describe the impacts on society and stakeholders, both positive and negative, that may result from constructing and operating of the Project Activity.	Describe the applicable national regulatory requirements / legal limits related to the identified risks of social impacts.	If no social impacts are anticipated, then the Project Activity is unlikely to cause any harm (is safe) and shall be indicated as Not Applicable (No actions required)	If social impacts are anticipated, but are expected to be in compliance with applicable national regulatory requirements/ legal limits, then it the Project Activity is unlikely to cause any harm (is safe) and shall be indicated as Harmless (No actions required)	If social impacts are anticipated that will not be in compliance with the applicable national requilatory requirements/ legal limits, then the Project Activity is likely to cause harm (may be unsafe) and shall be indicated as Harmful (Actions required).	Describe the operational controls and best practices, focusing on how to implement and operate the Project Activity, to reduce the risk of impacts that have been identified as Harmful.	Describe the Program of Risk Management Actions (refer to Table 3), focusing on additional actions (e.g., construction of crèche for workers) that will be adopted to reduce the risk of impacts that have been identified as Harmful.	Re-evaluate risks after Risk Mitigation Actions plans have been developed (refer to previous two columns) for impacts that have been identified as Harmful. Indicate whether the risks have been eliminated or reduced and, where appropriate, indicate them as Harmless (No actions required)	Describe the monitoring approach and the parameters to be monitored for each impact that has been identified as Harmful and to be described in the PSF (refer to Table 3).	Describe how the Project Owner has concluded that the Project Activity is likely to achieve the identified Risk Mitigation Action Plan targets for managing risks to levels that are unlikely to cause any harm.	Confirm that the Project Activity risks of negative social impacts are expected to be managed to levels that are unlikely to cause any harm (Mark +1 for Yes or and -1 for No)
Social Safeg	uards											
Social - Jobs	Long-term jobs (> 1 year) created/ lost	The project creates long term job opportunities.	All employment s are done according to the national employment regulations.	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	Employees working under the main company Masfen İnşaat Enerji San. Ve Tic. A.Ş. works for the projects in	Employees working under the main company Masfen Inşaat Enerji San. Ve Tic. A.Ş. works for the projects in	+1

²⁸ sourced from the CDM SD Tool and the sample reports are available (https://www4.unfccc.int/sites/sdcmicrosite/Pages/SD-Reports.aspx)

										the bundle. They are employed also to work in the other bundles of the main company as shifting. Masfen Inşaat Enerji San. Ve Tic. A.Ş. creates around 70 job opportunitie s.	the bundle. They are employed also to work in the other bundles of the main company as shifting. Masfen inşaat Enerji San. Ve Tic. A.Ş. creates around 70 job opportunitie s.	
	New short- term jobs (< 1 year) created/ lost	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Sources of income generation increased / reduced	N/A	N/A	N/A		-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Social - Health &	Disease prevention	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Safety	Reducing / increasing accidents	N/A.	N/A		-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Reducing / increasing crime	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Reducing / increasing food wastage	N/A	N/A	N/A		-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Reducing / increasing indoor air pollution	N/A	N/A	N/A		-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Efficiency of health services	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Sanitation and waste management	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Social - Education	Job related training imparted or not	N/A.	-	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Educational services improved or not	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Project- related knowledge disseminatio n effective or not	N/A	N/A	N/A		-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Social - Welfare	Improving/ deteriorating working conditions	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Community and rural welfare	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Poverty alleviation (more people above poverty level)	N/A	N/A	N/A		-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Improving / deteriorating wealth distribution/ generation of income and assets	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Increased or / deteriorating municipal revenues	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Women's empowerme nt	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Reduced / increased traffic congestion	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

	Note: If the score is: (a) zero or greater, the overall impact is neutral or positive and there is no net harm; and (b) less than zero, the overall impact is negative and there is net harm to society. Score is obtained after adding the individual scores in each of the rows in the last column of the above table.												
Net Score:	+1												
Project Owner's Conclusion in PSF:	The Project Owner confirms that the Project Activity will not cause any net harm to society.												

Section F. United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)

The project is expected to contribute 4 SDGs which are SDG 7, 8, 9, and 13.

SDG 7 Energy: The project contributes SDG Target 7.2 "By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix" by the utilization of solar power as a renewable energy source.

Related indicator: 7.2.1 Renewable energy share in the total final energy consumption

SDG 8 Economic Growth: The project creates direct and indirect employment opportunities during construction and operation phases, so it contributes to SDG Target 8.5 "By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities and equal pay for work of equal value".

Related indicator: 8.5.1 Average hourly earnings of female and male employees, by occupation, age and persons with disabilities

SDG 9 Infrastructure, Industrialization: SDG Target 9.4 requires "By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities". The project helps the Target 9.4 by implementing a clean, reliable and environmental-friendly infrastructure for clean energy production / up-to-date industrialization.

Related indicator: 9.4.1 CO₂ emission per unit of value added

SDG 13 Climate Change: The project produces clean renewable energy by diminishing CO2 emissions. Therefore, it contributes SDG

Target 13.3 "Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning".

Related indicator: 13.3.2 Number of countries that have communicated the strengthening of institutional, systemic and individual capacity-building to implement adaptation, mitigation and technology transfer, and development actions

UN-level SDGs	UN-level Target	Declared Country- level SDG		Defining Project	-level SDGs			Project Owner(s)'s Conclusion	
		SDG	Project-level SDGs	Project-level Targets/ Actions	Project- level Indicators	Contribution of Project- level Actions to SDG Targets	Monitoring	Explanation of Conclusion	Are Goal/ Targets Likely to be Achieved?
Describe UN SDG targets and indicators See: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/indicators/indicators-list/	Describe the UN- level target(s) and correspo- nding indicator no(s)	Has the host country declared the SDG to be a national priority? Indicate Yes or No	Define project-level SDGs by suitably modifying and customizing UN/ Country-level SDGs to the project scope. For guidance see: Integrating the SDGs into Corporate Reporting- A Practical Guide: https://www.unglobalcompact.org/docs/publications/Practical Guide SDG Reporting.pdf Case-study from Coca-Cola and other organizations to develop organization-wide SDGs (page 114): https://pub.iges.or.jp/pub/realising-transformative-potential-sdgs	Define project-level targets/actions, by suitably modifying and customizing UN/Country-level targets to the project scope. Define the target date by which the Project Activity is expected to achieve the project-level SDG target(s). Refer to the previous column for guidance	Define project-level indicators by suitably modifying and customizing UN/Country-level indicators to the project scope or creating a new indicator(s). Refer to the previous column for guidance	Describe and justify how actions taken under the Project Activity are likely to result in a direct positive effect that contributes to achieving the defined project-level SDG targets and is additional to what would have occurred in the absence of the Project Activity	Describe the monitoring approach and the monitoring parameters to be applied for each project-level SDG target and Indicator	Describe how the Project Owner has concluded that the project is likely to achieve the identified Project level SDGs target(s).	Describe whether the project-level SDG target(s) is likely to be achieved by the target date (Yes or No)
Goal 1: End poverty in all its forms everywhere	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Goal 2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Goal 3. Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Goal 4. Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Goal 5. Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Goal 6. Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Goal 7. Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all	SDG Target 7.2 "By 2030, increase substantia lly the share of renewabl e energy in the global energy mix" by the utilization of solar power as a renewabl e energy source." Indicator 7.2.1 Renewabl	Yes	Increase the share of renewables in the total installed power capacity connected to the national grid.	Provide 28,000 MWh clean energy annually.	Enhance the share of installed electricity generation capacity from renewable energy sources.	The project increases the renewable energy share in Turkey's energy production mix. It provides 28,000 MWh annual clean energy to the grid.	Calculate the share of installed capacity from renewable energy.	Gitaş-1 commissione d on 20/10/2021 and Metges Burdur commissione d on 29/11/2021. The project fully commissione d and generates electricity from a clean resource without any problem.	Yes

Goal 8. Promote	e energy share in the total final energy consumpt ion	Yes	Generated iob	opportunity and	Creates	Creates	Creates	Check	Employees	Yes
sustained, inclusive and sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all	Target 8.5 "By 2030, achieve full and productiv e employm ent and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilitie s and equal pay for work of equal value". Indicator 8.5.1 Average hourly earnings of female and male employee s, by occupatio n, age and persons with disabilitie s		income	opportunity and	employment opportunity.	employment opportunity.	employment opportunity.	employment	working under the main company Masfen inşaat Enerji San. Ve Tic. A.Ş. works for the projects in the bundle. They are employed also to work in the other bundles of the main company as shifting.	

Goal 9. Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation	SDG Target 9.4 requires "By 2030, upgrade infrastruc ture and retrofit industries to make them sustainabl e, with increased resource- use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environm entally sound technolog ies and industrial processes , with all countries taking action in	Yes	Provides clean and resilient energy generation facility	Project implementation is a 28,000 MWh resilient energy generation facility.	Project provides clean energy as 28,000 MWh.	The project helps adaptation of clean energy technologies by implementing a solar power plant.	Check that the project implementati on continues and electricity generated.	Gitaş-1 commissione d on 20/10/2021 and Metges Burdur commissione d on 29/11/2021. The project fully commissione d and generates electricity from a clean resource without any problem. The project is still implemented.	Yes
	, with all countries taking action in accordanc e with their respective								
	capabilitie s". Indicator 9.4.1 CO2 emission per unit of value added								

Goal 10. Reduce inequality within and among countries	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Goal 11. Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Goal 12. Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Goal 13. Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts	SDG Target 13.3 "Improve education , awarenes s-raising and human and institution al capacity on climate change mitigation , adaptatio n, impact reduction and early warning". Indicator 13.3.2 Number of countries that have communi cated the strengthe ning of	Yes	Eliminates 18,148 tCO2 annually	Commission 28,000 MWh renewable energy plant.	Reduce greenhouse gas emissions by 18,148 tonnes annually.	Since the project uses solar energy, there is no GHG emissions related to the project activity. It eliminates 18,148 tCO2 annually.	Calculate avoided GHG emissions every year.	Gitaş-1 commissione d on 20/10/2021 and Metges Burdur commissione d on 29/11/2021 and goes on without any problem.Proj ect owner operates the plant since, and complies with targeted SDGs so far.	Yes

	institution								
	al,								
	systemic								
	and								
	individual								
	capacity-								
	building								
	to								
	implemen								
	t								
	adaptatio								
	n,								
	mitigation								
	and technolog								
	y transfer,								
	and								
	developm								
	ent								
	actions								
Goal 14. Conserve	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
and sustainably use	14//	14,71	14/1	14//	14,71	14,71	14,71	1.4//	1.7/
the oceans, seas									
and marine									
resources for sustainable									
development									
шотогориноги									
Goal 15. Protect,	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
restore and promote	, , .	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,
sustainable use of									
terrestrial									
ecosystems, sustainably manage									
forests, combat									
desertification, and									
halt and reverse									
land degradation									
and halt biodiversity									
loss									
Goal 16. Promote	NI/A	NI/A	NI/A	NI/A	NI/A	NI/A	NI/A	N1 / A	NI/A
peaceful and	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
inclusive societies									
for sustainable									
development,									
provide access to									
justice for all and									
build effective,									

accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels									
Goal 17. Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	SUMMARY Targeted Likely to be Achieved							chieved	
Total Number of SDGs					<u> </u>	4		4	
Certification label (Bronze, Silver, Gold, Platinum, or Diamond) for the ACCs as defined in the PSF Gold						Gold			

Section G. Local stakeholder consultation

G.1. Modalities for local stakeholder consultation

The projects received environmental impact assessment out of scope approvals, due to the capacities of the projects being below the limit for EIA requirement. Hence, a local stakeholder consultation (LSC) meeting was not required during the project implementation.

In line with GCC Standard requirement of a LSC process, LSC was done remotely due to the Covid-19 precautions in Turkey. An information sheet was provided to the local stakeholders via project employees. Also, a sustainable development form for them to fill were provided with an attached evaluator information sheet with sections to write their input on positive and negative impacts of the project. The information sheet included both technical and non-technical information about the project, such as information on the project owner, information on solar panels (their number, capacity etc.), photographs from the project sites, commissioning and decision-making dates. Forms were given in person or e-mailed to stakeholders of the solar power plants which are located in different cities. This process took place from 02/02/2022 to 11/03/2022. People with different occupations were contacted in the process. The filled-out forms are provided in Appendix 6.

G.2. Summary of comments received

Stakeholders pointed out that it is beneficial to harness solar power to generate electricity without creating air pollution on arid land and that the project benefits the national economy. Also, they commented on the employment opportunities created by the project. No negative comments were received from the stakeholders. The original forms as well as their English versions are provided in Appendix 6.

G.3. Consideration of comments received

The project owner is willing to meet stakeholders' wishes at any stage of the project activity. The comments received from the stakeholders are recorded and considered by the project owner.

It can be deduced from stakeholders' comments on the evaluation forms, that the stakeholders have positive opinions about the project.

Section H. Approval and authorization

N/A

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Appendix 1. Contact information of project owners

Organization name	Masfen İnşaat Enerji San. Ve Tic. A.Ş.			
Country	Turkey			
Address	Çağlayan Mahallesi 2000. Sokak No:2/2 07230			
	Lara/Muratpaşa/Antalya			
Telephone	+90 242 732 32 32			
Fax	+90 242 732 32 32			
E-mail	recepcildarul@masfen.com.tr info@masfen.com.tr			
Website	-			
Contact person	Recep ÇİLDARUL			

Organization name	AAB ENERJİ ÜRETİM TARIMSAL ÜRÜNLER GIDA İNŞAAT SANAYİ TİCARET A.Ş.		
Country	Turkey		
Address	Çağlayan Mahallesi 2000. Sokak No:2/2 07230		
	Lara/Muratpaşa/Antalya		
Telephone	+90 242 732 32 32		
Fax	+90 242 732 32 32		
E-mail	recepcildarul@masfen.com.tr info@masfen.com.tr		
Website	-		
Contact person	Recep ÇİLDARUL		

Organization name	METGES ENERJİ ELEKTRİK ÜRETİM A.Ş.		
Country	Turkey		
Address	Çağlayan Mahallesi 2000. Sokak No:2/2 07230		
	Lara/Muratpaşa/Antalya		
Telephone	+90 242 732 32 32		
Fax	+90 242 732 32 32		
E-mail	recepcildarul@masfen.com.tr info@masfen.com.tr		
Website	-		
Contact person	Recep ÇİLDARUL		

Appendix 2. Affirmation regarding public funding

N/A

Appendix 3. Applicability of methodology(ies)

N/A

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Appendix 4. Further background information on ex ante calculation of emission reductions

N/A

Appendix 5. Further background information on monitoring plan

N/A

Appendix 6. Summary report of comments received from local stakeholders

The forms filled by the local stakeholders are provided in this section. Their personal phone numbers are covered in order to respect their privacy.

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MASFEN-3 SOLAR BUNDLE SOLAR POWER PLANT				EVALUATOR	Name surname
SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT EVAL	UATION	FORM		INFORMATION	Phone
Sustainable Development Indicators	Participant Comments			What are the aspects th	Institution/Duty at you find positive about the project?
Sustainable Development Indicators	Positive Negative		No Effect		
Air quality (Sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides, soot, etc.)					
Nater quality and quantity (Access to water resources)					
Soil quality (Fight against erosion, soil pollution, etc.)					
Other pollution sources (noise, light, etc. pollution sources)					
Biodiversity (Effect on protected species)				What are the aspects th	at you find negative about the project?
Employment Quality (Working conditions, job security)					
Combating Poverty (Impact on standard of living, access to health services, etc.)					
Access to clean energy sources (Reliable, cheap energy, impact on energy imports)					
Personal and institutional capacity (Education, awareness raising)					
Contribution to employment and income level (New job opportunity, income increase)					
Balance of Payments (Reducing foreign dependency, ncreasing investment)					
Fechnology transfer and technological competence (Using, adapting, etc.)				CONTACT: Masfen İnşaat Enerji Sa	
				Address: Çağlayan Mah Phone: +90 242 732 33	., 2000. Sk. No:2/2, 07230 Muratpaşa/Antalya 2 32
				E-mail: info@masfen.co	om.tr

Figure 8. Sustainable development evaluation form provided to local stakeholders

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DEĞERLENDİRİCİ	Ad Soyad	Forder Akman
BİLGİLERİ	Telefon	70007
	Kurum/Görev	Ev hanimi
Proje ile ilgili <u>olumlu</u> bu	lduğunuz hususlar	r nelerdir?
Ekonomige	Katkisi	Sor Hava Kirlidge Y
		-
roje ile ileili el		
roje ile ilgili <u>olumsuz</u> bu	ildugunuz nususia	r nelerdir?
1		
ÎLETÎŞÎM:		
SOURCE AREA SOUR	e Tic. A.Ş	
Masfen İnşaat Enerji San. v		-
İLETİŞİM: Masfen İnşaat Enerji San. v Adres: Çağlayan Mah., 2001 Tel: +90242 732 32 32		-
Masfen İnşaat Enerji San. v Adres: Çağlayan Mah., 2006	0. Sk. No:2/2, 07?3	-

	Name surname	Farden Akman			
EVALUATOR INFORMATION	Institution/Duty	Housewife			
What are the aspects that you find positive about the project?					
Benefits the economy. No air pollution.					
What are the aspects that you find negative about the project?					

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DEĞERLENDİRİCİ BİLGİLERİ	Ad Soyad	Nurgi	1 Erka	in			
BILGILERI							
	Kurum/Görev ey hanımı						
roje ile ilgili olumlu bul	The state of the s						
Bölgemizd	e is	inkanı	Saglam	istir			
				(41)			
oje ile ilgili <u>olumsuz</u> bo	ulduğunuz husu	slar nelerdir?					
		-					
İLETİŞİM:							
Masfen İnşaat Enerji San.	ve Tic. A.Ş.						
Adres: Çağlayan Mah., 20	00. Sk. No:2/2, (07230 Muratpaşa//	Antalya				
Tel: +90242 732 32 32							
E-posta: carbon@masfen.	com.tr						

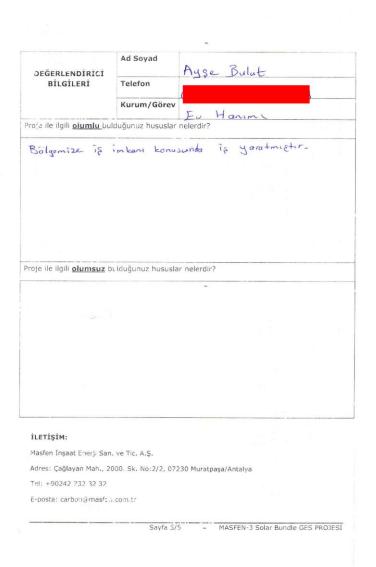
	Name surname	Nurgül Erkan			
EVALUATOR INFORMATION	Institution/Duty	Housewife			
What are the aspects that	What are the aspects that you find positive about the project?				
Project created job opportunities in our region.					
What are the aspects that you find negative about the project?					

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	Ad Soyad	Murat Akman	
DEĞERLENDİRİCİ BİLGİLERİ	Telefon	THOTAL THUMAN	
	V (6"		
	Kurum/Göre	Komu Isci	
roje ile ilgili olumlu bu	lduğunuz hususl	lar nelerdir?	
Hava Kirli	91 Ysk	Ekonomiye Katkı	
77000			
1 9 1 1			
Proje ila ilgili ol<u>umsu</u>a, b	elduğunuz husu	ıslar nelerdir?	
		-	
İLETİŞİM:			
Masfen İnşaar Enerji San	ı. ve Tic. A.Ş.		
Adres: Çağlayan Mah., 2	(00. Sk. No:2/2,	07230 Muratpaşa/Antalya	
Tel: +90242 732 52 32			
E-posta: carbon@masfer	n.com.tr		

	Name surname	Murat Akman			
EVALUATOR INFORMATION Institution/Duty Public personnel					
What are the aspects that you find positive about the project?					
Benefits the economy without creating air pollution.					
What are the aspects that you find <u>negative</u> about the project?					

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	Name surname	Ayşe Bulut			
EVALUATOR INFORMATION	Institution/Duty	Housewife			
What are the aspects that	What are the aspects that you find positive about the project?				
The project creates job opportunities in our region.					
What are the aspects that you find negative about the project?					

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DEĞERLENDİRİCİ	Ad Soyad	Hasni Bulut	
BİLGİLERİ	Telefon		
	Kurum/Görev	Belediyesizcisi	
Proje ile ilgili <u>olumlu</u> bu	lduğunuz hususlar		
Verimsiz tarb	lari topro	klara con vererek elekt	-îrî
iretmesi.	1		
Proje ile ilgili <u>olumsuz</u> b	uiduğunuz hususla	r nelerdir?	
İLETİŞİM:			
ILE (131M.	, ve Tic. A.S.		
Masfen İnsaat Enerii San			
Masfen İnşaat Enerji San Adres: Çağlayan Mah., 20	000. Sk. No:2/2, 077	230 Muratpaşa/Antalya	
	000. Sk. No:2/2, 077	230 Muratpaşa/Antalya	

	Name surname	Hüsnü Bulut		
EVALUATOR INFORMATION	Institution/Duty	Municipality worker		
What are the aspects that you find positive about the project?				
Arid lands are used to generate electricity				
What are the aspects that you find negative about the project?				

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	Ad Soyad	oc roln	czber	
DEĞERLENDİRİCİ BİLGİLERİ	Telefon	OSMON	CEDEL	-
	Kurum/Gör	ev	, , ,	
roje ile ilgili <u>olumlu</u> bu	lduğunuz husus	Cífcí lar nelerdir?		
verinsiz	T- prod	- 10000	an estile	
1	10pres		evilye	
cever m	resi il	u Bil	puloca	
roje ile ilgili olumsuz b	ı lduğunuz husı	ıslar nelerdir?	9	
İLETİŞİM:				
Masfen İnşaat Enerji San	ve Tic. A.Ş.			
Adres: Çağlayan Mah., 20		07230 Muratpaşa,	/Antalya	
Tel: +90242 732 32 32				
E-posta: carbon@masfen	.com.tr			

	Name surname	Osman Ceber	
EVALUATOR INFORMATION	Institution/Duty	Farmer	
What are the aspects that you find positive about the project?			
It is good that arid lands are used to generate electricity.			
What are the aspects that you find negative about the project?			

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	Ad Soyad	Abdullah	Carden
DEĞERLENDİRİCİ BİLGİLERİ	Telefon		
	Kurum/Görev	Giftai.	
roje ile ilgili <u>olumlu</u> bul	duğunuz hususlar ı	nelerdir?	
Verin siz	topratlon	a gåne,	enerjisi
Kurmak bi	ence Tyl	birsey -	Allahin
günesini e	nerjiye	Geniriyoruz	2 Bu perhalilite
bedava en	nerji Zul	laniyoruz-	Keste herter
roje ile ilgili olumsuz b		r nelerdir?	
İLETİŞİM:			
Masfen İnşaat Enerji San	ve Tic. A.Ş.		
Adres: Çağlayan Mah., 20) 30. Sk. No:2/2, 072	30 Muratpaşa/Anta	ilya
Tel: +90242 732 32 32			
E-posta: carbon@masfen	.com.tr		

	Name surname	Abdullar Candan
EVALUATOR INFORMATION	Institution/Duty	Farmer

What are the aspects that you find **positive** about the project?

I think it is a nice thing to build solar power plants on arid lands. We convert God's sun to energy in these expensive times. I wish it would be done everywhere.

What are the aspects that you find $\underline{\textbf{negative}}$ about the project?

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	Ad Soyad		- /	
DEĞERLENDİRICİ		Süleyman	Erka	77
BİLGİLERİ	Telefon			
	Kurum/Görev	Gitai		
roje ile ilgili <u>olumlu</u> bu		nelerdir?		
Bölgemizd	e ene	rei Lesin	nin Sa	glami
30.0				
roʻe ile ilgili olumsu: b	ulduğunuz hususl	ar neierdir?		
iletişim:				
10 CONTRACTOR (1981)	ve Tic. A.Ş.			
Masfen İnşaat Enerji San		230 Muratpasa/Antalva		
İLETİŞİM: Masfen İnşaat Enerji San Adres: Çağlayan Mah., 20 Tel: +90242 732 32 32		230 Muratpaşa/Antalya		

	Name surname	Süleyman Erkan	
EVALUATOR INFORMATION	Institution/Duty	Farmer	
What are the aspects that you find positive about the project?			
Generated electricity in our region.			
What are the aspects that you find negative about the project?			

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	Ad Soyad	Musa	47976	
DEĞERLENDİRİCİ BİLGİLERİ	Telefon		A second second	
	Kurum/Görev			8
		Îsci		
roje ile ilgili <u>olumlu</u> bu	Idugunuz hususla	r nelerdir?		
roje ile ilgili <u>olumsuz</u> b	ulduğunuz hususl	ar nelerdir?		
İLETİŞİM:				
Masfen İnşaat Enerji San	ı. ve Tic. A.Ş.			
Adres: Çağlayan Mah., 2	000. Sk. No:2/2, 07	7230 Muratpaş	a/Antalya	
Tel: +90242 732 32 52				
E-posta: carbon@masfer	com to			
E-posta, carbon@inasier	Treorrier.			

	Name surname	Musa Yiğit		
EVALUATOR INFORMATION	Institution/Duty	Worker		
What are the aspects that you find positive about the project?				
What are the aspects that you find negative about the project?				

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DEĞERLENDİRİCİ	Ad Soyad	Fadine Yigit	
BİLGİLERİ	Telefon		
	Kurum/Görev	Ev Hanimi	
Proje ile ilgili <u>olumlu</u> bul	duğunuz hususlar	nelerdir?	
Kesintisiz e	lektirik	Sontirali-	
Proje ile ilgili olumsuz b	ulduğunuz hususla	or nelerdir?	
		*	
iletişim:			
Masfen İnşaat Enerji San	. ve Tic. A.Ş.		
Adres: Çağlayan Mah., 20	000. Sk. No:2/2, 07	230 Muratpaşa/Antalya	
Tel: +90242 732 32 32			
E-posta: carbon@masfen	.com.tr		

	Name surname	Fadime Yiğit	
EVALUATOR INFORMATION	Institution/Duty	Housewife	
What are the aspects that you find positive about the project?			
Continuous electricity generation			
What are the aspects that you find negative about the project?			

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	Ad Soyad	Abdill L. lete
DEĞERLENDİRİCİ BİLGILERİ	Telefon	
	Kurum/Görev	í Sci
oje ile ilgili <u>olum!</u> u bu	duğunuz hususlar	
Ullie ekono	Topschlorin misine ket	enoiji omogli kilohilmasi lu Sosleri
roje ile ilgili <u>olumsuz</u> b	oulduğunuz hususla	r nelerdir?
		-
İLETİŞİM:		
Masfen İnşaat Enerji Sar	ı, ve Tic. A.S.	
		30 Muratpasa/Antalya
Adres: Caglavan Mah. 7		a consequinting
Adres: Çağlayan Mah., 2 Tel: +90242 732 32 32 E-posta: carbon@masrer	o com tr	

	Name surname	Abdullah Mete	
EVALUATOR INFORMATION	Institution/Duty	Worker	
What are the aspects tha	t you find positive a	about the project?	
Arid lands are being used for energy generation. Benefits the national economy.			
What are the aspects tha	t you find <u>negative</u>	about the project?	

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Ad Soyad	Stalih	AKM	AN
Telefon	١١١١	111011	-
Kurum/Görev	Serbes		
ılduğunuz hususlar n			
Taketimene	Destek	Howa	king
oulduğunuz hususlar	nelerðir?		
n. ve Tic. A.Ş.			
000. Sk. No:2/2, 0723	0 Muratpaşa/Antalya	9	
000. Sk. No:2/2, 0723	0 Muratpaşa/Antalya	а	
	Telefon Kurum/Görev Ilduğunuz hususlar n C. L. Ji mare	Telefon Kurum/Görev Sarbag Ilduğunuz hususlar nelerdir? Talanmane Daslek Dulduğunuz hususlar nelerdir?	Telefon Kurum/Görev Scrbos Ilduğunuz hususlar nelerdir? T. J. L. Jimene Deslek Alama Dulduğunuz hususlar nelerdir?

	Name surname	Salih Akman
EVALUATOR INFORMATION	Institution/Duty	Self-employment
What are the aspects that	t you find positive	about the project?
Supports electricity gener	ation without causir	ng air pollution.
What are the aspects that you find negative about the project?		

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Cindinal link (In Mallon and Cindon and India		Katılımcı Görüşleri		
Sürdürülebilir Kalkınma Göstergeleri	Olumlu	Olumsuz	Etkisi Yok	
Hava kalitesi (Kükürt dioksit, azot oksitler, kurum, vb)			X	
Su kalitesi ve miktarı (Su kaynaklarına erişim)		- "	X	
Toprak kalitesi (Erozyonla mücadele, toprak kirliliği vb)	X		•	
Diğer kirlilik kaynakları (gürültü, ışık, vb kirlilik kaynakları)	+			
Biyoçeşitlilik (Koruma altındaki türlere etki)	1			
İstihdam Kalitesi (Çalışma koşulları, iş güvenliği)	+			
Yoksullukla Mücadele (Yaşam standardına etki, sağlık hizmetlerine erişim, vo)	1			
Temiz enerji kaynaklarına erişim (Güvenilir, ucuz enerji, enerji ithalatına etki)	7			
Kişisel ve kurumsal kapasite (Eğitim, farkındalık yaratma)	7			
İstihdam ve gelir seviyesine katkı (Yeni iş imkânı, gelir artışı)	+			
Ödemeler dengesi (Dışa bağımlılığın azaltılması, yatırım artışı)	+			
Teknoloji transferi ve teknolojik yeterlilik (Yeni teknolojilerin kullanılması, uyarlanması, vb)	+			

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Sürdürülebilir Kalkınma Göstergeleri		Katılımcı Görüşleri			
Saradraicolli Kalkiinia Goscergelen	Olumlu	Olumsuz	Etkisi Yok		
Hava kalitesi (Kükürt dioksit, azot oksitler, kurum, vb)		.5.	+		
Su kalitesi ve miktarı (Su kaynaklarına erişim)			+		
Toprak kalitesi (Erozyonla mücadele, toprak kirliliği vb)	+				
Diğer kirlilik kaynakları (gürültü, ışık, vb kirlilik kaynakları)	+				
Biyoçeşitlilik (Koruma altındaki türlere etki) —	1				
İstihdam Kalitesi (Çalışma koşulları, iş güvenliği)	+				
Yoksullukla Mücadele (Yaşam standardına etki, sağlık hizmetlerine erişim, vb)	+	%: ::			
Temiz enerji kaynaklarına erişim (Güvenilir, ucuz enerji, enerji ithalatına etki)	7				
Kişisel ve kurumsal kapasite (Eğitim, farkındalık yaratma)	1				
İstihdam ve gelir seviyesine katkı (Yeni iş imkânı, gelir artışı)	+				
Ödemeler dengesi (Dışa bağımlılığın azaltılması, yatırım artışı)	+				
Teknoloji transferi ve teknolojik yeterlilik (Yeni teknolojilerin kullanılması, uyarlanması, vb)	+				

Sayfa 4/5

MASFEN-3 Solar Bundle GES PROJESÍ

Sürdürülebilir Kalkınma Göstergeleri		Katılımcı Görüşleri			
Saraa alestiii kalkiinta Sostergelett	Olumlu	Olumsuz	Etkisi Yok		
Hava kalitesi (Kükürt dioksit, azot oksitler, kurum, vb)			+		
Su kalitesi ve miktarı (Su kaynaklarına erişim)			+		
Toprak kalitesi (Erozyonla mücadele, toprak kirliliği vb)	+		,		
Diğer kirlilik kaynakları (gürültü, ışık, vb kirlilik kaynakları)	+				
Biyoçeşitlilik (Koruma altındaki türlere etki)	7				
İstihdam Kalitesi (Çalışma koşulları, iş güvenliği)	1				
Yoksullukla Mücadele (Yaşam standardına etki, sağlık hizmetlerine erişim, vb)	7				
Temiz enerji kaynaklarına erişim (Güvenilir, ucuz enerji, enerji ithalatına etki)	+				
Kişisel ve kurumsal kapasite (Eğitim, farkındalık yaratma)	+				
İstihdam ve gelir seviyesine katkı (Yeni iş imkânı, gelir artışı)	4				
Ödemeler dengesi (Dışa bağımlılığın azaltılması, yatırım artışı)	+				
Teknoloji transferi ve teknolojik yeteriilik (Yeni teknolojilerin kullanılması, uyarlanması, vb)	+				

Sayfa 4/5 MASFEN-3 Solar Bundle GES PROJESÍ

Sürdürülebilir Kalkınma Göstergeleri		Katılımcı Görüşleri			
Caraca alcomi ramini di Costo geleni	Olumlu	Olumsuz	Etkis Yok		
Hava kalitesi (Kükürt dioksit, azot oksitler, kurum, vb)			X		
Su kalitesi ve miktarı (Su kaynaklarına erişim)			×		
Toprak kalitesi (Erozyonla mücadele, toprak kirliliği vb)	X				
Diğer kirlilik kaynakları (gürültü, ışık, vb kirlilik kaynakları)	×				
Biyoçeşitlilik (Koruma altındaki türlere etki)	X				
İstihdam Kalitesi (Çalışma koşulları, iş güvenliği)	X				
Yoksullukla Mücadele (Yaşam standardına etki, sağlık hizmetlerine erişim, vb)	×				
Temiz enerji kaynaklarına erişim (Güvenilir, ucuz enerji, enerji ithalatına etki)	X				
Kişisel ve kurumsal kapasite (Eğitim, farkındalık yaratma)	X				
İstihdam ve gelir seviyesine katkı (Yeni iş imkânı, gelir artışı)	X				
Ödemeler dengesi (Dışa bağımlılığın azaltılması, yatırım artışı)	X				
Teknoloji transferi ve teknolojik yeterlilik (Yeni teknolojilerin kullanılması, uyarlanması, vb)	X				

Sayfa 4/5

MASFEN-3 Solar Bundle GES PROJESİ

Sürdürülebilir Kalkınma Göstergeleri		Katılımcı Görüşleri			
Surdurdiebilii Kalkiiiiila Gostergeleii	Olumlu	Olumsuz	Etkisi Yok		
Hava kalitesi (Kükürt dioksit, azot oksitler, kurum, vb)			X		
Su kalitesi ve miktarı (Su kaynaklarına erişim)			X		
Toprak kalitesi (Erozyonla mücadele, toprak kirliliği vb)	×				
Diğer kirlilik kaynakları (gürültü, ışık, vb kirlilik kaynakları)	×				
Bivoçeşitlilik (Koruma altındaki türlere etki) 🔔	X				
İstihdam Kalitesi (Çalışma koşulları, iş güvenliği)	X				
Yoksullukla Mücadele (Yaşam standardına etki, sağlık hizmetlerine erişim, vb)	X				
Temiz enerji kaynaklarına erişim (Güvenilir, ucuz enerji, enerji ithalatına etki)	X				
Kişisel ve kurumsal kapasite (Eğitim, farkındalık yaratma)	X				
İstihdam ve gelir seviyesine katkı (Yeni iş imkânı, gelir artışı)	×		4		
Ödemeler dengesi (Dışa bağımlılığın azaltılması, yatırım artışı)	X				
Teknoloji transferi ve teknolojik yeterlilik (Yeni teknolojilerin kullanılması, uyarlanması, vb)	X				

Sayfa 4/5

MASFEN-3 Solar Bundle GES PROJESİ

Sürdürülebilir Kalkınma Göstergeleri		Katılımcı Görüşleri		
Saradralesiiii Kalkiiiiila Sostergeleiri	Olumlu	Olumsuz	Etkisi Yok	
Hava kalitesi (Kükürt dioksit, azot oksitler, kurum, vb)			1	
Su kalitesi ve miktarı (Su kaynaklarına erişim)			+	
Toprak kalitesi (Erozyonla mücadele, toprak kirliliği vb)	+			
Diğer kirlilik kaynakları (gürültü, ışık, vb kirlilik kaynakları)	+			
Biyoçeşitlilik (Koruma altındaki türlere etki)	4			
İstihdam Kalitesi (Çalışma koşulları, iş güvenliği)	7			
Yoksullukla Mücadele (Yaşam standardına etki, sağlık hizmetlerine erişim, vb)	+			
Temiz enerji kaynaklarına erişim (Güvenilir, ucuz enerji, erierji ithalatına etki)	4			
Kişisel ve kurumsal kapasite (Eğitim, farkındalık yaratma)	+			
İstihdam ve gelir seviyesine katkı (Yeni iş imkânı, gelir artışı)	+			
Ödemeler dengesi (Dışa bağımlılığın azaltılması, yatırım artışı)	+			
Teknoloji transferi ve teknolojik yeterlilik (Yeni teknolojilerin kullanılması, uyarlanması, vb)	+			

Sayfa 4/5 MASFEN-3 Solar Bundle GES PROJESİ

Sürdürülebilir Kalkınma Göstergeleri		Katılımcı Görüşleri			
-	Olumlu	Olumsuz	Etkisi Yok		
Hava kalitesi (Kükürt dioksit, azot oksitler, kurum, vb)		©	X		
Su kalitesi ve miktarı (Su kaynaklarına erişim)		*	×		
Toprak kajicesi (Erozyonla mücadele, toprak kirliliği vb)	×				
Diğer kirlilik kaynakları (gürültü, ışık, vb kirlilik kaynakları)	×	Ŋ.			
Biyoçeşitlilik (Koruma altındaki türlere etki)	×				
İstihdam Kalitesi (Çalışma koşulları, iş güvenliği)	×				
Yoksullukla Mücadele (Yaşam standardına etki, sağlık hizmetlerine erişim, vo)	×				
Temiz enerji kaynaklarına erişim (Güvenilir, ucuz enerji, enerji ithalatına etki)	X				
Kişisel ve kurumsal kapasite (Eğitim, farkındalık yaratma)	X				
İstihdam ve gelir seviyesine katkı (Yeni iş imkânı, gelir artışı)	×				
Ödemeler derigesi (Dışa bağımlılığın azaltılması, yatırım artışı)	X				
reknoloji transferi ve teknolojik yeteriilik (Yeni eknolojilerin kullanılması, uyarlanması, vb)	×				

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Sayfa 4/5	MASEEN-3 Solar Bundie CEC BROJECT

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Appendix 7. Summary of de-registered CDM project (Type B)

N/A

المجلس العالمي للبصمة الكربونية GLOBAL CARBON COUNCIL A member of

